

॥ सा विद्या या विमुक्तये ॥



स्वामी रामानंद तीर्थ मराठवाडा विद्यापीठ, नांदेड

“ज्ञानतीर्थ” परिसर, विष्णुपुरी, नांदेड - ४३१६०६ (महाराष्ट्र)

SWAMI RAMANAND TEERTH MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY NANDED

“Dnyanteerth”, Vishnupuri, Nanded - 431606 Maharashtra State (INDIA)

Established on 17th September 1994 – Recognized by the UGC U/s 2(f) and 12(B), NAAC Re-accredited with 'A' Grade



ACADEMIC (1-BOARD OF STUDIES) SECTION

Phone: (02462) 229542

Website: www.srtmun.ac.in

E-mail: bos.srtmun@gmail.com

Fax : (02462) 229574

न्यू मॉडेल डिग्री कॉलेज, हिंगोली येथील मानवविज्ञान विद्याशाखेतील पदवी स्तरावरील प्रथम वर्षाचे CBCS Pattern नुसारचे अभ्यासक्रम शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०१९-२० पासून लागू करण्याबाबत.

प रि प त्र क

या परिपत्रकान्वये सर्व संबंधितांना कळविण्यात येते की, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठाच्या न्यू मॉडेल डिग्री कॉलेज, हिंगोली येथील मानवविज्ञान विद्याशाखेतील पदवी स्तरावरील प्रथम वर्षाचे खालील विषयांचे C.B.C.S. (Choice Based Credit System) Pattern नुसारचे अभ्यासक्रम शैक्षणिक वर्ष २०१९-२० पासून लागू करण्यात येत आहेत.

- १) बी.ए. इंग्रजी (अनिवार्य)
- २) बी.ए. मराठी (द्वितीय भाषा)
- ३) बी.ए. हिंदी (द्वितीय भाषा)
- ४) बी.ए. इतिहास
- ५) बी.ए. राज्यशास्त्र
- ६) बी.ए. समाजशास्त्र
- ७) बी.ए. अर्थशास्त्र

सदरील परिपत्रक व अभ्यासक्रम प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठाच्या www.srtmun.ac.in या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध आहेत. तरी सदरील बाब ही सर्व संबंधितांच्या निदर्शनास आणून द्यावी.

‘ज्ञानतीर्थ’ परिसर,
विष्णुपुरी, नांदेड – ४३१ ६०६.
जा.क्र.: शैक्षणिक-१/परिपत्रक/न्यूमॉडिकॉहिं/पदवी-
सीबीसीएस अभ्यासक्रम/२०१९-२०/१३१८
दिनांक : ११.०९.२०१९.



स्वाक्षरित / –
उपकुलसचिव
शैक्षणिक (१-अभ्यासमंडळ) विभाग

प्रत माहिती व पुढील कार्यवाहीस्तव :

- १) मा. कुलसचिव यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- २) मा. संचालक, परीक्षा व मूल्यमापन मंडळ यांचे कार्यालय, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ३) प्राचार्य, न्यू मॉडेल डिग्री कॉलेज, हिंगोली.
- ४) उपकुलसचिव, पात्रता विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ५) साहाय्यक कुलसचिव, पदव्युत्तर विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.
- ६) सीनिअर प्रोग्रामर, शैक्षणिक विभाग, प्रस्तुत विद्यापीठ.



स्वामी रामानंद तीर्थ मराठवाडा विद्यापीठ, नांदेड.

**SWAMI RAMANAND TEERTH
MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY, NANDED
NEW MODEL DEGREE COLLEGE, HINGOLI**

**B.A. First Year
Semester Pattern**

SOCIOLOGY

SYLLABUS

(Choice Based Credit System)

With effect from June, 2019

CBCS – Paper Pattern in the subject of Sociology

B.A. First year

Semester 2019-20

B.A. FIRST YEAR SOCIOLOGY SYLLABUS

Contents

Ist Semester

Paper No.	Title of the Paper	Internal Marks	External Marks
I	Introduction to Sociology	35	40
II	Change in Social Institutions Or Indian Social Composition	35	40

IInd Semester

Paper No.	Title of the Paper	Internal Marks	External Marks
III	Fundamental concepts in Sociology	35	40
IV	Introduction to Branches of Sociology Or Social work and NGO's functioning	35	40

Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded

New Model Degree College, Hingoli

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Course Structure (New Scheme)

B.A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20

Sociology

Semester Ist & IInd

Semester	Core Course	Paper No.	Name of the Paper	Lectures / Week	Total No. of Lectures	CAS	ESE	Total Marks	Credits
Semester-I	CCSOC I	I	Introduction to Sociology	4	55	35	40	75	3
	CCSOC II	II	Change in Social Institutions OR Indian Social Composition	4	55	35	40	75	3
			Total Sem-I	8	110	70	80	150	6
Semester-II	CCSOC I	III	Fundamental Concepts in Sociology	4	55	35	40	75	3
	CCSOC II	IV	Introduction to Branches of Sociology OR Social Work and NGO's Functioning	4	55	35	40	75	3
			Total Sem-II	8	110	70	80	150	6
			Total Sem-I, II	16	220	140	160	300	12

75 Marks

Core Course

- 1) Continuous Assessment (C.A.): 35 Marks
02 class test each for 10 marks + one home Assignment for 15 marks.
- 2) End of Semester Examinations (E.S.E.): 40 Marks

Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded
New Model Degree College, Hingoli
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)
B.A. First Year
Subject : SOCIOLOGY
End of Semester Examination (E.S.E.)
Question Paper Pattern
Semester Pattern Effective from : 2019-20

Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 40

NB:

(1) *Q.No.1 is compulsory*

(2) *From Q.No.2 to 6 solve any three questions.*

(3) *All questions carry equal marks.*

- | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----|
| Q. 1) | Write short notes on the following. | 10 |
| | i) | |
| | ii) | |
| | iii) | |
| | iv) | |
| | v) | |
| Q. 2) | | 10 |
| Q. 3) | | 10 |
| Q. 4) | | 10 |
| Q. 5) | Write short notes on (Any two) | 10 |
| | i) | |
| | ii) | |
| | iii) | |
| Q. 6) | | 10 |

B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20
(CBCS)
Sociology
Semester- Ist Paper-I

Introduction to Sociology

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

Sociology is one of the modern social science, which has a significant role in society with objectives of this course, students will have the basic knowledge of sociology and emerging concepts in sociology.

Contents

This course is designed to know about the origin and development of the sociology as a discipline in general and development in India in particular. This course also designed to approach, principles, concepts, methods and history of sociology.

Learning Outcomes

Students must have the knowledge about basic concepts in sociology and emerging concepts in sociology in the modern world.

Unit I Nature of Sociology

- Definition, subject matter of sociology
- Modernity and social changes in Europe and emergence of sociology.
- Development of Indian sociology

Unit II Basic Concepts

- Society-Definition and characteristics
- Social groups-Definition, characteristics and types (Primary, secondary)
- Social system-Definition and functional problems in social system.

Unit III New Concepts

- Globalization – Meaning and characteristics
- Post-modernization-Definition and characteristics

Unit IV The use of Sociology

- Analysis of social problems
- Evaluation of social change
- Social policy and action

Reference

1. Inkeles Alex (1987). What is Sociology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India
2. Chinoy Ely (1947). Society – An Introduction to Sociology: Random House Publication.
3. P. Gisbert (2004). Fundamentals of Sociology. Kolkatta: Orient Longman Private Ltd.
4. Light Donald and Keller S. (1975). Sociology. New York: Alfred
5. Vidyabhushan Sachdeva. (1966). Introduction to Sociology. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal
6. Fletcher Ronald (1994). The Making of Sociology (II Volumes) Jaipur: Rawat Publications
7. Bornes H.E. (1959). Introduction to the History of Sociology. The University Press of Chicago
8. मांजरे, रामकिशन. २०११. समाजशास्त्रीय मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे : के. सागर पब्लिकेशन्स.
9. आगलावे प्रदीप २०११. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना आणि सिद्धांत. नागपूर : साईनाथ प्रकाशन
10. कन्हाडे बी.एम. २००८ समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना: नागपूर : पिंपळापुरे अँड पब्लिशर्स
11. खडसे भा.की. २००९. समाजशास्त्र मूलभूत संकल्पना. नागपूर : श्री मंगेश प्रकाशन
12. खैरनार दिलीप २००८. समाजशास्त्र परिचय : पुणे : डायमंड पब्लिकेशन.
13. नाडगोडे गुरुनाथ २००१. समाजशास्त्राची मूलतत्त्वे. पुणे : कॉन्टीनेंटल प्रकाशन
14. माने माणिक २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना. नागपूर : विद्या प्रकाशन
15. मायी सुनिल २००८. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख. पुणे : डायमंड पब्लिकेशन
16. साळुंखे सर्जेराव १९९६. समाजशास्त्रील मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे : नरेंद्र प्रकाशन
17. गायकवाड एस.पी. (संपा.) २०१४. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख व मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर : अरुणा प्रकाशन
18. वाघ राम, मलवाडे वेदप्रकाश १९९७. समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर : न्यू रचना प्रकाशन.
19. रावत हरिकृष्ण २००३. समाजशास्त्रीय चिंतक एवं सिद्धांतकार. जयपुर : रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
20. रावत हरिकृष्ण २००५. समाजशास्त्र विश्वकोष. जयपुर : रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
21. लवानिया एम.एम. एवं शशी जैन २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय सिद्धांत. जयपुर : रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन्स
22. शर्मा आर. डी. २०१०. समाजशास्त्र के सिद्धांत. नई दिल्ली: मोहीत बुक्स इंटरनॅशनल
23. भालेराव साहेबराव एवं धारवाडकर दीपक २०१४. सामाजिक नियंत्रण एवं परिवर्तन. कानपुर: श्रीराम प्रकाशन.

**B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20
(CBCS)**

Sociology

Semester- Ist

Paper-II

Change in Social Institutions

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

The main aim of human societies is to maintain control and order. The social structure which organized and orders: social solidarity and stability in society. Institution specially is assigned this function of social order and control.

Contents

Social institutions are system of behavioral and relationship patterns that are density inter women and enduring and function across on entire society. They order and structure the behavior of individuals by means of their normative character.

Learning Outcome

Students will obtain a sociological understanding of diverse. Students will know the recent trends in fundamental social institutions and will apply the knowledge for better life.

Unit-I Family Institutions

- Meaning and characteristics of family institutions
- Functions of family institution
- Recent trends in family institution

Unit-II Education Institutions

- Meaning and object of Education
- Types of Education
- Recent trends in Education Institution

Unit-III Political Institutions

- Meaning and characteristics of Political Institution
- Issues in political Institution
- Recent changes in political institution

Unit-IV Economic Institution

- Meaning and characteristics of economic institution
- Issues in economic institution
- Recent changes in economic institution

Reference

1. Shrinivas M. N. 1966. Social Change in Modern India. Bombay: Asia Pub House
2. Shing Y. 1974. Modernization of Indian Tradition. N. Delhi: Thomas Press
3. K L Sharma 2007. Indian Social Structure and Change. N. Delhi: Rawat Publication
4. Yogendra Singh 2007. Social Change in India. N. Delhi: Har-Anand Publication
5. Bose N. K. 1977. Culture and Society in India. N. Delhi: Indra Publication House
6. Mardock 1949. Social Structure. New York: Free Press
7. Ram Ahuja 2007. Indian Social System. New Delhi: Rawat Publication
8. Masicsko Aoki: Toward 2001. A Competitive Institutional Analysis London. The MI press Cambridge
9. Donglass C. North 2003. Institutions: Institutional Change and Economic Performs London. Cambridge University Press
10. Mittal 2019. Applied Sociology. Jalgaon: Prashant Publication
11. C.N. Shamkarrao 2011. Sociology of Indian Society. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company
12. Neera Desai & Usha Thakkar 2007. Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: National Book Trust
13. Manjare Ramkisan, Kamble Narayan 2016. Applied Sociology. New Delhi: Online Publication by R.P. Publication
14. आगलावे प्रदीप २०१४. भारतीय समाज संरचना आणि समस्या. नागपूर : साईनाथ प्रकाशन
15. माने माणिक २०१०. भारतीय समाज. नागपूर : प्रकाशन.
16. घाटोळे रा.ना. २००२. भारतीय समाज व्यवस्था. नागपूर : श्री मंगेश प्रकाशन.
17. बोबडे प्रकाश २००१. भारतीय समाजरचना पारंपरिक व आधुनिक. नागपूर : श्री मंगेश प्रकाशन.
18. कांबळे नारायण २०१४. उच्च शिक्षणापुढील आव्हाने. औरंगाबाद : चिन्मय पब्लिकेशन.
19. गायकवाड एस.पी. (संपा.) २०१४. मुख्य सामाजिक संस्था आणि समस्या. लातूर : अरुणा प्रकाशन.
20. उ.बा. भोईटे, १९९३. सामाजिक संस्था. नागपूर : पिंपळापुरे अँड कंपनी.
21. कुलकर्णी पी.के. २००२. सामाजिक संस्था. परभणी : विद्याभारती प्रकाशन.
22. काचोळे डी.डी. २००९. सामाजिक संस्था आधुनिकीकरण ग्रामीण रूपांतर. औरंगाबाद : कैलाश पब्लिकेशन.
23. कुलकर्णी पी.के. २००२. सामाजिक संस्था. लातूर : विद्यावती बुक्स.
24. करवा जे.पी. १९९३. सामाजिक संस्था आणि परिवर्तन. औरंगाबाद : विद्या बुक्स.
25. धारवाडकर दीपक, भालेराव साहेबराव २०१७. भारतीय समाज समकालीन समस्या. भोकर: रूद्राणी प्रकाशन.
26. वाघ रविंद्र, जाधव सुधाकर, इतर २०१७. भारतीय समाज संरचना व बदल. जळगांव : प्रशांत पब्लिकेशन
27. गोखले करुणा (अनु.) सिमॉन दि बोव्हूआर २०१०. सेकंड सेक्स. पुणे : पद्मगंधा पब्लिकेशन.
28. उपाध्याय उमेश २०१२. वर्तमान सामाजिक समस्याएं — कारण और निवारण. जयपुर : रितू पब्लिकेशन.
29. शर्मा अनुराग २०१०. भारतीय समाज. जयपुर : इशिका पब्लिकेशन.
30. परदेशी महेशकुमार, धारवाडकर दीपक २०१६. जयपुर : आधुनिक भारत में सामाजिक समस्या : इशिका पब्लिकेशन.
31. राउत एन.यू. २०१३. महिला सुरक्षा एवं समाज. जयपुर : सत्यम पब्लिशर्स अँड डिस्ट्रीब्यूटर्स
32. अलोककुमार २०११. सामाजिक कुरीतियाँ एवं भारतीय समाज. जयपुर : इशिका पब्लिशिंग हाऊस.

OR
B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20
(CBCS)
Sociology
Semester- Ist
Paper-II
Indian Social Composition

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

Indian sociology has been focused on the wide description of Indian social composition. A student of sociology one has to know the basic segments of Indian sociology.

Contents

This course mainly covers the broad segments of Indian society which are India's geographical, ethnic and religious distinctiveness.

Learning Outcome

This course introduce the democratic beauty of Indian society and diversity of society. Students will have the knowledge of Indian society in better manner.

Unit-I Features of Indian society

- Bonds of unity in India: Geographical, religious, languages
- Values of Indian society : Non-violence, tolerance, co-existence

Unit-II Indian population

- Characteristics of Indian population
- Causes of population growth in India
- Population policy in India

Unit-III Democracy and secularism

- Democracy: definition, characteristics
- Social justice: definition/concept
- Indian constitution: characteristics
- Secularism: definition, need of secularism in India

Unit-IV Society in India

- Tribal society: meaning and characteristics
- Rural society: meaning and characteristics
- Urban society: meaning and characteristics

Reference

1. Dube S.C. (1990) Society in India. New Delhi: National Book Trust
2. Dube S.C. (1995). Indian Village. London: Rutledge.
3. Bose N.K. (1975). Culture and Society in India. Mumbai: Asia Publishing House.
4. Mandelbaum D.G. (1970) Demographic Diversity of India. New Delhi: B.R. Publishing
5. Shrivastava O.S. (1994). Demography and Population Studies. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing
6. Kothari Rajani (ed.) (1973). Caste in Indian Politics. New Delhi: OUP
7. Ghurye G.S. Caste and Race in India. Bombay: Popular Publication
8. Shakir Moin (1989) (ed.) Religion State and Politics in India. New Delhi: Ajantha Publication.
9. Dube S.C. (1977) Tribal Heritage of India. New Delhi: Vikas Publications
10. Census of India Reports (2011)
11. Shrinivas M.N. Indian Social Structure. New Delhi: Hindustan Publication.
12. Ahuja Ram. Indian Social System. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
13. वाघमारे, जनार्दन. १९९५. समाज परिवर्तनाच्या दिशा. औरंगाबाद : साकेत प्रकाशन.

B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20
(CBCS)
Sociology
Semester- IInd
Paper-III

Fundamental Concepts in Sociology

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

Sociology has been instrumental in changing our attitude towards society analysis. In a specialized society we are all limited as to the amount of the whole organization and culture that we can experience directly. We can hardly know the people of other areas intimately. This core course is designed to study different sections of society and other structural things.

Contents

This course is designed to analysis the relation between individual and society, with this regard, to introduce the developmental sociology.

Learning Outcome

Students will have the knowledge about fundamental concepts in sociology. It will help to better understanding about sociology in future.

Unit-I Culture and Society

- Culture-definition, characteristics
- Concepts of culture: sub-culture, multiculturalism
- Impact of culture on Personality

Unit-II Social Change

- Social change: definition and characteristics
- Factors responsible for social change
- Barriers in social change
- Forms of social change

Unit-III Social Organization

- Definition of social organization
- Characteristics of social organization
- Types of social organization (formal and informal)

Unit-IV Social Development

- Meaning and nature of social development
- Aims of social development
- Concept of sustainable development

Reference

1. Inkeles Alex (1987). What is Sociology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India
2. Chinoy Ely (1947). Society – An Introduction to Sociology: Random House Publication.
3. P. Gisbert (2004). Fundamentals of Sociology. Kolkatta: Orient Longman Private Ltd.
4. Light Donald and Keller S. (1975). Sociology. New York: Alfred
5. Vidyabhushan Sachdeva. (1966). Introduction to Sociology. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal
6. Fletcher Ronald (1994). The Making of Sociology (II Volumes) Jaipur: Rawat Publications
7. Bornes H.E. (1959). Introduction to the History of Sociology. The University Press of Chicago
8. Kamble, Narayan. Manjre, Ramkishan. 2013. Applied Sociology. Delhi: R.P. Publications
9. मांजरे, रामकिशन. २०११. समाजशास्त्रीय मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे : के. सागर पब्लिकेशन्स.
10. आगलावे प्रदीप २०११. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना आणि सिद्धांत. नागपूर : साईनाथ प्रकाशन
11. कन्हाडे बी.एम. २००८ समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. नागपूर : पिंपळापुणे अँड पब्लिशर्स
12. खडसे भा.की. २००९. समाजशास्त्र मूलभूत संकल्पना. नागपूर : श्री मंगेश प्रकाशन
13. खैरनार दिलीप २००८. समाजशास्त्र परिचय : पुणे : डायमंड पब्लिकेशन.
14. नाडगोंडे गुरुनाथ २००१. समाजशास्त्राची मूलतत्त्वे. पुणे : कॉन्टीनेंटल प्रकाशन
15. माने माणिक २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना. नागपूर : विद्या प्रकाशन
16. साळुंखे सर्जेराव १९९६. समाजशास्त्रीय मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे : नरेंद्र प्रकाशन
17. गायकवाड एस.पी. (संपा.) २०१४. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख व मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर : अरुणा प्रकाशन
18. वाघ राम, मलवाडे वेदप्रकाश १९९७. समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर : न्यू रचना प्रकाशन.
19. रावत हरिकृष्ण २००३. समाजशास्त्रीय चिंतक एवं सिद्धांतकार. जयपुर : रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
20. रावत हरिकृष्ण २००५. समाजशास्त्र विश्वकोश. जयपुर: रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
21. लवानिया एम.एम. एवं शशी जैन २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय सिद्धांत. जयपुर : रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन्स
22. शर्मा आर.डी. २०१०. समाजशास्त्र के सिद्धांत. नई दिल्ली : मोहीत बुक्स इंटरनॅशनल
23. भालेराव साहेबराव एवं धारवाडकर दीपक २०१४. सामाजिक नियंत्रण एवं परिवर्तन. कानपुर: श्रीराम प्रकाशन.

B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20
(CBCS)
Sociology
Semester- IInd
Paper-IV

Introduction to Branches of Sociology

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

Sociology as subject has its own discourse however it undertakes many issues concern with the other social science. Today several branches of sociology emerged with distinct subject matters. Students of sociology must have the knowledge of those branches to understand the scope of sociology.

Contents

In this course students will have the knowledge of branches that is emerged with the discourse in sociology.

Learning Outcome

This course will help to students to carry interest in the sociology as general and its branches in particular.

Unit-I Sociology and Society

- Urban sociology: Nature and scope of urban sociology, urbanization
- Rural sociology: Subject matter of rural sociology, significance of rural sociology

Unit-II Sociology and Interaction

- Social psychology: Nature and scope of social psychology
- Political sociology: Nature and scope of political sociology, political roles, power and authority.

Unit-III Sociology and Transformation

- Social movements: Meaning and types of social movements, theories of social movements
- Applied sociology: Meaning, theory and practice of sociology

Unit-IV Sociology and Culture

- Anthropology: Meaning of anthropology
- Scope of social anthropology, development of social anthropology in India (Indian Anthropologist)

Reference

1. Heer David Jilli Grigsby (1994) Society Population. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
2. Peterson William (1975) Population. New York
3. Gowarikar Vasant (1993) The Inevitable Billion Plus. Pune: Vichar Dhara
4. Asha Bhende and Tara Kanitkar (2003) Principles of Population Studies. Himalaya Publishing House.
5. E.E. Evans (1962). Social Anthropology and Other Essays. New York: The Free Press.
6. Mujumdar D.N. and Madan T.N. (1973) An Introduction to Social Anthropology. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
7. S.L. Joshi and P.C. Jain (2005) Social Anthropology. New Delhi: Rawat Publication.
8. Sherif M. and Sherif C. W. (1969) Social Psychology. New York: Harper International
9. Secord P.F. and Backman C.W. Social Psychology. McGraw Hill. International Student Edition
10. Hollander E.P. (1976) Principles and Methods of Social Psychology. Oxford University Press.

OR

B. A. First Year Semester Pattern-2019-20

(CBCS)

Sociology

Semester- IInd

Paper-IV

Social Work and NGO's Functioning

Credits: 03

Periods: 55

Marks: 75

Objectives

Applied sociology has many forms. Social work is one of the most important branch of applied sociology. This course is designed to provide the knowledge of social work and to understand its dimension.

Contents

In recent times social work is been systematically persued by the formal organization in this course to introduce the importance of social work.

Learning Outcome

This course is designed for insert the ability of working in the students and to motivate the student for surviving his social service to the society. Students will have the knowledge about non-governmental organizations.

Unit-I Social Work

- History and philosophy of social work
- Fields of social work
- Social awareness of social change

Unit-II Sociology and Social Work

- Sociology and its relation with social work
- Key concept: community, association and organization
- Contemporary problems and need of social work: child trafficking and elderly abuse, criminality, juvenile delinquency, youth unrest

Unit-III Non-governmental Organizations

- NGO's-introduction, concept and functions
- Legal procedures for establishment of NGOs
- Schemes for NGOs (Under various ministries Government of India) Rural community development

Unit-IV Social work and Social Reformers

- Mahatma Phule: Satyashodhak Samaj
- Chatrapati Shahu's social work for backward classes
- Dr.Babasaheb Amedkar's contribution to caste eradication

Reference

1. Dasgupta Sugata (1964) Towards a Philosophy of social work in India. New Delhi: Popular Book Services.
2. Batra Nitin (2004) Dynamics of Social Work in India. Jaipur: Raj Publishing House.
3. Bradford Sheafor, Charles Gloriua (1997) Techniques and Guidelines of Social Work. London: Allyn and Bacon.
4. Desai Murlai (2002) Ideologies and Social Work. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
5. NGO: Reports Govt. of India. Various Schemes Preamble. Official Website: Govt. of India
6. Sing R.R. (1985) Field Work in Social Work Education. A Perspective for Human Service Profession. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.
7. कांबळे, नारायण. २००९. दलित चळवळीच्या दिशा : एक चिंतन. औरंगाबाद : चिन्मय प्रकाशन.
8."..... २०१०. राजर्षी शाहू : नव्या दिशा नवे चिंतन. औरंगाबाद : चिन्मय प्रकाशन.
9."..... २०१३. आंबेडकरी चळवळीचे बदलते संदर्भ. औरंगाबाद : चिन्मय प्रकाशन.
10."..... २०१६. म. फुल्यांची धर्मचिकित्सा. औरंगाबाद : चिन्मय प्रकाशन.

* * * *